NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA AT HALIFAX THE RUSSO-TURKISH DIFFICULTY.

The Prospect of War Strengthening. THE KOSZTA AFFAR AT SHYRNA.

Austria Intends to Demand Reparation from the United States.

RAVAGES OF THE CHOLERA

MOVEMENTS OF CONSPIRATORS IN ITALY.

STATE OF THE MARKETS. SLIGHT DECLINE IN COTTON.

The Royal Mell steam in America, Captain Lang, arrived at this port, on route for Boston, at four o'clock this afternoon, having left Liverpool at 9 o'clock, A. M. on Saturday the 6th iest. She brings one hundred and fourteen through passengers.

The America sailed from Halifax at 6 o'clock this eveting, with a light wind and clear weather, for Boston, where she will be due at an early hour on Thursday The America passed the Canard steamship Arabia

from New York, at noon on the 27th of July, going into The Collins' steamship Pacific, from New York a

noon, on the 23d of July, arrived out on the morning of

Russia and Turkey. LESS SATISFACTORY ASPECT OF APPAIRS—THE KOSZTA APPAIR—AUSTRIA WILL DEMAND REPARATION FROM THE UNITED STATES, ETC.

The Eastern difficulty was within a few days of being settled, either for peace or war. The public generally

The present position of the question stands thus; Until the 10th or 12th of August the Czar's final answer to the ultimatum of the four powers-Austria, France

England, and Prussis-councile known. If he accents that ultimatum, his troops must be immediately withdrawn from the principalities, and the conference at Vienna, pursuing its arrangements, will conclude a treaty to protect Turkey in all time coming. If the Czar refuses the ultimatum of the four powers, or evades a reply (which will be considered equivalent to refusing it), the blied fleets will be ordered to the Bosphorus, if not further, and active measures will be taken by France and Engand tomaintain the integrity of their ally. The questiontherefore, is on the point of solution for peace or was The choice rests so'ely and abolly on the personal will of the Emperor Nicholas. "Un it the 10th or 12th of Au gust, therefore," says our Liverpool correspondent, "we must totally diaregard all rumors, either favorabe or nufavorable. No one but Mcholas himself can know what his intentions are, and the multitude of statements tele graphed from Vienna Paris, and elsewhere, are for the mere purpose of influencing the markets. At the same time it is right to state that the conduct of the Russian Sion to maintain permanent possession, and nothing has tronspired elsewhere to show that Passia intends to retract."

The journals of Frankfort, of the 30th, say that Austria intends not only to demand reparation from the United States for the Smyrna affair, but Insists that the Porte chall immediately procure the extradition of

St Patersburg letters say that when the Car heard o the Keszk affair, he advised Austria to settle it as easily as possible, and do anything rather than give the United States a pretence for interdering in the affairs of Europe The state of affairs at Gestautinople, and in the principalities, remains unchanged.

Only six thousand Russians will remain in Molfavia—the bulk of the arroy being advanced into Walfachia.

Duke Constantine, the dzar's son Grand Admiral of the Russian fleet, and accired at Oseasa, and proceeded to Sebastopol, to review the squadrou.

Atthough the Hoseobars nomically retain power, the Russians had appointed a beard of three commissioners, nominated by the Czar, to decide all political and advance. the Keszta affair, he advised Austria to settle it as easily

ere doubted.

It was also suppursed that the Prophet's Banner, the

It was also aurounced that the Prochec's Banner, the signal for a holy war, had been unfurled; but this, too was pronounced false.

Warlike preparations, inwester, continued on both sides, without interruption.

Syria is in a very disorganized state, and the Christians were leaving antional and also perfor the coast. As Laodicia a Turkish mobilist attempted the life of the Russian Cospul. Drusses and other unantianeers were arming. In other parts of the Turkish empire great confusion and disorder prevailed.

The London Gloic indicates the probable course of events if the Car rejects the proposition of the four powers:-No actual attack on the Russians will ensue: the allied fleets will marely take up positions under the walls of Constantinople, negotiations will be resumed: three months may chapse before they are completed, and war this year will then be impossible, and the whole winter will be available to discuss matters. This, doubtless, is only an ingenious guess. The morning mail from

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS-JAMAICA AFFAIRS,

In the House of Common, Lord John Russell stated the in-milions of the government in regard to Jamaica. rantees £550 000 storling to adjust the difficulties, and appoints Sir Heory Bardley Governor.

Ocean Pency Postage, is no thought if next session. Parliament is expected to be prorogued on the 18th or

LIEUT. MAURY AND THE LIVERPOOL MERCHANTS. Liverpool merchants on the 5th inst., and explained his wind sudcurrent theory this observations were respect fully and apparently corcially received. The Mayor

MISCELLANEOUS.

The order prohibiting and shaughtering of cattle at Buenos Agres has alarmed the British importers of hides, stocks being lower than for fifteen years past.

sticks being lower than for fitteen years past.

A correspondence between the Board of Trade and the London and Liverpoil North American Strew Steamship Company has been published. It is not considered exceditable to the government.

The partial manuary report on declarationage had also been published.

The Stockport operatives have at length returned to their work and shandoned their formidable excise.

The Duckess Olga of Warterlover, daughter of the Coar, is in London, where she has been received with distinction.

ontion.

A testimonial to Mrs. Chisholm, the patroness of untralian emigration, is progressing.

The Biack Swan" has been sleging at Liverpool.

The Fremh Empire.

The French Emplee.

PRANQUILLITY — ANTI-RUSSIAN FRELING — FIELD OFFICERS FOR THE TURKISH SERVICE—PROPOSED EXTENSION OF PARIS, ETC.

The Trikish question alone occupies public attention, the givernment taking pressurions to keep the public min tranquil on all matters. M Kesseloff the Russian Musters, having asked from the government an explanation of any and finesian article in the Constitutionnel, received for an answer that the Monitour alone expressed the opinions of the cabinet.

Fitty-two French nets officers were on board the steemer Ajjaccio, to cause the furtient service.

The Council of State ross on the last inch. to re-assemble on the list of October next.

All domestic and other cervants, residing in Paris, are ordered to register themselves at the Preference of Police, ander a penalty of imprisonment and expulsion.

As immense loan of four landred as those of france is periously entertained to extend Paris beyond its present limits, and to erect market places and other public works designed by the Emperor.

Italy.

Portugal.
Our Lisbon dates are to the #0th ultime.
The session of the Cortes was extended to the 5th of

The ression of the Cortes was extended 40 the 5th of Argust
Government was endeavoring to effect an avrangement with the banks.
The confroversy between Portugal and the Papal court, respecting ecclesiastical patronage in the East Indies was continued.
The graph disease continued to spread, and a public meeting was called on the subject at Lisbon. Brandy was reling at £50 per pice.
Charles B Baddock United States Charge at Lisbon, lade and piece had arrived at Southampton.

The Cholera in Denmark, Persia, &c.,
The cholera continued its ravages at Copenhages. The
total number of cases, at the latest dates, was 4,700, of
which 2 500 had proved fatal
The exclusive on the increase in Persia, and advancing
towards Thoriz.
The plague had broken out at Khordosen.

Commercial Affairs.

Baring Brothers report money in great demand, and discounts dearer out of doors. The banks multimum rate is unchanged. The funds continue degreesed, and console leave of at 07% 497%. Silver in demand for India and China at 1% advance. Bars sold at 5s. 11%d. New dollars, 4s. 11%d.

dollars, 4s. 11%d.
THE PARIS BOURSE.
Three per cents for cash closed at 77f. 50, and for a count 77f. 55. Bank, 2 785 francs.

count 77f. 55. Bank, 2.785 francs.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Mesers. Bell Son & Co report a steady demand during the week, with prices well supported, especially for federal stocks but business is the reverse of active, and gene rally unmaried by any feature of interest. Mesers. Baring Brothers say there I as been more doing in American stocks, especially in Penneylvania State fires New Orleans City sixes, and Boston City four and a halves. Unived citates sixes continue use searce and in demand. We quote the latter at 111 for boods, and 110% for inscriptions Premsylvania fives 84 a 86, ex div.; Bonds 91 a 92; Rauroad sixes 96% a 97%; Maryland Storling fives 97 a 98; Massachusetts Sterling 108 a 109; Boston City 43% per cents 102. New Orleans City sixes 90; Canada Bonds 115 a 116.

Bonds 115 a 116.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

In the early part of the week a steady demand prevalled, but after Wednesday, the 3d inst, more warlike news from Turkey, together with accounts of the cotton crop per Pacific, and the additions lately made by the trade to their stocks checked the demand and depressed the market. Helders offered freely, and prices of American were irregular and in favor of buyers, particularly the lower and infector grades, which have declined one eighth of a compy. The sales of the 5th inst. were 6,000 bales, the market closing quiet. The week's business was 44,210 bales (including 31,000 American), 3,300 being on speculation, and 6,860 for export, leaving a stock in hand of 542 832, of which 571,000 bales were American. The following are the authorized quotations:—

tions:— Fair.
Orleans. 7 d.
Mohis 6%d.
Uplands 6%d.
Ordinary 3d. a 5d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

An improved feeling has been exhibited for beef, stock being low. Prime was variously quoted at 92s. 6d. a 10bs. a 16bs.; ordinare. 89s. a 0ds. Same sales of pork for export, and large government nurchases, have caused more firmness. Bacon was without alteration, and moderately active. Nothing was doing in choulders. Causes was wanted, especially the finer qualities, at better rates. Some fine butter, per Lady Exhance realized \$5s. extreme intelled Lard was in good inquiry, and considerable sales were made at 53s. a 55s; the atoms was in few hands. Lineard cake was active and somewhat dearer.

hands. Linesed cake was active and somewhat dearer.

ASHEN were in grid demand, with large sales at 25x 6d, a 27x for pots and pearls, but pearl was neglected at these prices.

KoSN —There were free sales at rather casier prices.

We quote 4a, 5d, for common to 12x for fine. Turbentine was in limited request; sales at 12x 1d for rough.

SPRING OF TURENINS.—Some sales were reported a 45x, fallow, in the early part of the week fail 1s, but after wards breams active at 5ds for North Americae and Petersburg.

ster-burg.

Bank m ved slowly, but the small importations found upon; 76 hads. Phone clubus trats brought 8s. a 8s. 33. CHz. - Falm was stead; 500 bbls. on the spot and to rive prid at £35, 10s. a £37; sperm, 15 truss brought 8s. a £92; otive was steady, and middling quality a translation.

stade higher.

SALTEKTIE was sleady, as former prices.

SHIPES-Sides of Buenes Ayres at fell prices.

LYE Woods were without change of moment.

DICE continued in good demand, chiefly last ladian, and prices were firm.

SUGAR was sleady at previous rates.

MOLASSES was unchanged in price, but more disposition to buy was apparent.

COPPLE-At public sale some Jamaica, good and fine residing, forched full prices.

COPPLE At public sale some Jamaica, g od and fine iddling, forched full prices.

TRA.—A few congous sold at 11d. Several blackish and hinds were taken by the trade at prices tavoring system. The business in green was innived.

FERGURES have varied but Hittle. Dead weight has been

ore freely offered, at a slight advance terage passengers still scarce.

Sterage passengers still scarce.

[From a Private Correspondent.]

Liverroot, Saurdey merning, August 6, 1853.
The still mustiled condition of the Turkish question has bad a decreasing effect upon our cotton market this wark, especially in the middling and lower grades, and we reduce our questions one eighth of a penny. The rales of the ness front up about 44 000 bales, of which speculators have taken 4,000 and exporters 7,000 bales, we quote here Orlean fairs 63% commoding, 64 'Up-inace, fair, 63% i, widdling, 53% d. Western Casad flour in Huntred decreased, at 56 of, and Ohio at 27s. Yellow and white corn is relling at 31s. 61. Lard is firm, at 55s. Compole bave farther declined, closing yesterday at 57%.

THE LONDON MARKETS.

The colonial marbets were very qures throughout the week, o sing to the Turkish affair.

Cotton.—The week's sales of cotton were 4,095 biles.

Market quies,

Entaretters were dull, but holders generally continued from. American flour, 27s. a 29s. 6d.; flow white wheat, 88s. a 60s. per quarter. Cargoes of corn and wheat more in don and on speculation.

Cotton quies.

COPER quist.
SCGAR inactive, and without any quotable change.
That dull. Common Congon fist, at 114d
Tailow improved, closing firm at 52s 3d for Peters

Tarlow improved, closing firm at east of the large Y C. Kolavers -- No sales.

Ons. -- Pule real dearer. £25 paid in quantities. Other fished by the large year of the large year of the large year of the large year. Liveryou large year of the large year of the large year of the large year. £25 x £3 5x paid for bars, and £9 for rails free on beard in Wales. Scotch pg in a appendixtive state, and precision. reixled. Trx.— British has advanced 4s, per cwt.

Lean firmer. Copput in fair demand. The and cake, at £107 10s THE GLASGOW MARKETS.

John Athya & Guepacy report that provisions had
et with more attention, but transactions were in resal. Breadstuffs were sparingly dealt in. Ashos 1s,
easer. Rosin in slow demand, and offered at 4s 101, ex
htg. Land sold readily at 56s, a 57s.

TRADE IN MANCHESTER.

The femand for goods and vares was quiet during the wark, but wanufacturers and spinoers being well under our uset, there was no percentible change in prices.

Coltract, there was no percentible change to crices.

THE HAVIES MARKETS.

Cotton was dult. The raise of the week, to the 3d inclusive, were 4 t00 bales imports for the same period, 2.415 bales—isasing a stock on hand of 118 000 bales in ostly Arcerican. Askes were neglected. Coffee generally was well supported. Segar-Trices drooping. No demand for either tailow or lard.

HAVIE, August 4—Noon.

Criten continues dull.

Cotton continues dull. Passengers by the America.

Passengers by the America.

Mraud Mrs Appold Mrs Brewster, Mr and Mrs Reeman
and Mrs Rewo, Mr and Mrs Browser, Mrs Rauniford,
as Brewster, Mrs Clark, Mrs Damphene, Mr McKay, Miscott, Mesers Hoy t, Brown Farr, Lamb, Whiteford, Fiscott, Smith, Benning, Jenery, Davenport, Low, Smithandar, Mr and Mrs Raudford, Miss Smith Mesers Eartsman,
inc. Brown, Denn, Stephene Kelly, Resselhiff, Jay, Allisen,
likelary, Bruntingianese Chamberlain Johnston, Muller,
indell, Bullock, Gilbert, Crowe, Growley, Sante Maria,
even, Georgy, Bess Cabman Johnston, Cifford, Rice
noissy, Handy, McKay, Bursell, Hillbeck, Holland,
flen, Smith, Lobertson, John Frost, Manderson, Joehan
and, Eutherford, Warren, O'Brien, Hickey, Jefferson
ass, Master, Mr and Mrs Holddast, the Misses Scott, Mis
hitcheure, Mrs O'Brien, Mrs Warren, and Mr Somereby
are of dispatcices.

Shipping Intelligence.

Arrived from New York-Aug I. 18-be, off Davar; 3d, soild (r): Benjemin Adams Liverpool; July 10, Guamba. Tenarifie; 21st, Eliza Sarah, Bremen; 2d, Edward, of Eddystone; 5ch. Christiana, at Deal.
Arrived from New London—Aug 3, Arrago, at Cork, Arrived from Philadelphia—July 21, Michelo Tileel, at the alternative of the Christian Cork.

Arrived from Baltimore—July 21, Martha, at Texel. Arrived from Charleston—Aug 2, Southport, at Liv

Arrived from Savannab-Aug 1, Lady of the Lake, at Liverpool.
Arrived from New Orleans—July 21, Meteor. at Bordeaux; 23d, Rio Grande, at Leghorn; Aug 5 Obzaniae

A Liverpool.

Arrived from Mobile—Lules, at Gottenburg.
Sailed for New York—Aug 1, Oregon, Peoz
Annandale, Newport; Kalamanoo, Graveen
Peoricson, Berdenix, Phes. Sivin, Cardiff. Smittle, John Savenall, Torbey, Gangse, Daolia,

queror Rhodes; 2d Harriet, tHeory Nesmith, and Robers, Liverno 1: Chase and Brossa Bristol; 5th, Enterprise Alfred, and Empire State, Livernool
Sailed for Bostor—Joly 16, James Cook; 23d, Waverly, and William Sturge: Cade: 19th Petersboff Coonstatt Aug 2 Dooley, Antserp; 3d, Wm Vail, and Levi Woodbury, Liverpool
Sailed for Baltimore—July 26 Mississippi, from Bremes: Aug 4. Herriman, and Sea Namah Liverpool.
Sailed for Charleston—Aug 2, Switzerland, from Liverpool

Sailed for New Orbans—July 28 Lady Westmoreland; Aug 2 Calenda, from Cardiff, Sarah Bridges, from Bor-deaux.

THE AMERICAN CONTINENT.

THE TRIAL OF JOHN C. MATHER BY THE HIGH COURT OF IMPEACEMENT AT ALBANY.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD ROUTE AND THE ADMINISTRATION,

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON CITY

Important from the State Capital, RGANIZATION OF THE COURT OF IMPEACHMENT, FOR THE TRIAL OF JOHN C. MATHER-PIRST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.
SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

AMBANY, August 16, 1853, This being the day to which the High Douet of Im-peachment for the trial of John C. Mather, Canal Comsi sioner, stood adjourned, a large number of the mem bers appeared at an early hour. All the distinguished counsel were present. Those on the part of the House of Assembly, designated as prosecuting managers, are Mesers. Loomis, Champlin, Hastings, Wood and Aiden. On the part of the defence there are James T. Brady, of New York, and Rufus W. Peckbam, John H. Reynolds, of this city. The seats of the members of the court are arranged in a double semi-circle, the judges of Appeals sitting together, directly in front of the President's chair. The managers occupy a round table in the extreme northeast corner of the Senate chamber, within the bar; and the counsel for the accused together with Mr. Mather himself, occupy a similar table on the opposite side. The witness stand or chair is directly in front of the President's chair, in the extremity of the chamber, midway between the respective counsel. Richard Sutton, Esq., reporter for the Court, occupies a seat directly on the left of the

At twenty minutes past ten the Honorable Sandford E Church called the Court to order. The rell of mean bers was called by Ira P. Barnes, clerk, when five Judgeand fourteen Senators only were present. There being no quorum, and it being remarked that probably several of the absentees understood the hour for meeting to be eleven o'clock, the President stated that the list of mem-

forming a querum. The Clerk then administered to the Present, forming a querum. The Clerk then administered to the President the oath specified in the ruiss adopted by the court, as follows:—You do solemnly and sincerely swear, that you will truly and invariantly try and determine the case now pending in this court, who rely the Assembly, in the name of the pople of the State of New York, have impeached Jehn C. Mather, and a just and true judgment renear therein, according to evidence—so help you tool.

of the State of New York, have impeached John C. Mather, and a just and true judgment render therein, according to evidence—so help you God.

The same can was then administered by the President to the other nembers present.

The President then stated that the court was fully organized, and the managers on the part of the House of As embly were now at theory to proceed to substantiate the charges preferred against the accused.

Mr. Precham, on part of the defence rose and quoted from the revised was often by which it appeared that which members of the court who are to try the cause must be provided the court who are to try the cause must be provided as the commencement of the crist.

Mr. Precented that is several of the memoers were not present he suggested whether it would not be well to take a short recess. to allow time for ab ent members to attend.

take a short recease to affird time for absent members to strend.

Mr. Conger moved that the court take a recess until four o'clock the atternoon. Carried.

Upon reassembling the President again atmosaiced that the managers were now allowed to proceed in addicing witnesses to autain the presentment.

Mr. Reynolds coursel for the respondent, rose and stated that be had a proposition to submit to the court. He therefore made a motion to strike out the first fine arricles in the bill of inneranment, and that to evidence be taken in relation to the charges contained thereto, on the ground that no imperchable affence is contained in those charges in a quoted, and referred to several authoridas and deelt with some force more the fact that the officeoes alleged to have been committed in awarding canal contracts, under the law of 1851, which have been proponed and

time might be showed them to examine the references made, and to prepare an answer to the motion made by the course on the other side. He hoped the court would

next nothing and the reregant attarns made procuma-tion accordingly. Tous couled the first day of the pro-ceedings of the High Court of Impeachment, the first body of the kind ever convened in this State.

The Latest from Washington City

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD ROUTE—THE INSTRUCTIONS TO OUR MINISTER TO MEXICO - THE KOSZTA AF-FAIR AT SMYRNA-THE CASE OF CAPT. GIBSON NEW YORK ASSAY OFFICE, ETC. SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD

Washington, August 16-7 P. M. We have the best reasons for believing that the state ment published in the Freeman's Journal, purporting to give Gen. Gadaden's lastructions, is entirely fabulous. He has not been instructed to consent to the relinquishment of the Garay claim; and it is equally untrue that the United States are willing to accept a free right of way for a railroad along the thirty-second parallel of latitude as an equivalent for the claim upon Tehuante pec. According to the helisf of at least one member of the cabinet, there is no fea-ible route for a railroad to the Pacific, unless by fellowing what is laid down in Lieut. Parke's map as "L'eut. Colonel Cooke's Wagon parallel, and then runs for a considerable distance South of it through moustain passes, when it again runs graphical bureau, there is no route on the line of the thirty second parallel and it is therefore manifest that our Minister to Mexico cannot have been instructed as is represented Besides, there are now three parties engage in surveying different routes to the Pacific. The result of their it vestigations will not be known for some months. It may turn out that there are many fensible routes, or it age be that none will be found Meantime it is only giving the administration credit for common space, to suppose they will await this official is formation before committing themselves to a particular line, which, from all the evi denon now before them, is impracticable for the only ob ject in view-the construction of a read. It will thus b seen that not only is the Freeman's story control cost

tend to show its utter absurbity.

The official advices relative to the Ko-zta affair, it is believed, show that Austria had no claim whatever upon him, having banished or expatriated him, thus relin quishity all rights over his person before he came to

In locking over the documents connected with Mr. Marto the eight of a person to protection who had merely declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States, we will find we were in error as to the decision of the Prussian Minister, to whom the point was referred He decided in favor of Mr. Marcy's position.

Capt. Gibson had a loog interview at the State Depart ment to day. It is probable, as Mr. Belmont has made his preparations for leaving on Saturday, that if the instructions which we spoke of sesterday are not ready by that time he will not be delayed but written to by the that time he will not be delay in establishing the A-say effice to New York, is in consequence of the difficulty experienced in getting parties there to accept the effect made by the Treasury Department.

X. Y. Z.

THE GARDNER CASE. FROM THE REGULAR NEWSPAPER AGENT.

Wasmington, August 14, 1853 In the criminal court, to-day, the counsel for Dr. Gardper renewed the motion for a continuance of the case, The late Ratiroad Disaster near Providence.

PROVIDENCE, August 16, 1853. The testimony before the Coron-r's jury was concluded to day, and the verdict will be rendered to morrow. The

following are the latest r-ports from the wounded:-Mr. Bolton is slightly better.
Mr. Bolton is slightly better.
Mr. Man hell will probably recover.
Mr. Window and Mr. Jederon are getting better.
John Crane is well enough to walk about.
Alters Goldenith is improving.
Mr. Plact is as well as yesterday.
The Sherman family continue without any mate-

From Nova Scotla and New Branswick THE EARL OF ELLESMEDE AND THE U. S. STEAMER PRINCETON—THE CROPS—SHIPWRECES, ETC. Boston, August 16, 1853. We have received St. John, N. B., papers of the 15th,

The United S ares steamer Princeton had been whited

and Halifax o' the 13th inst.

The United S ates steamer Princeton had been visited by the Earl of Elleaners. Major General Gore, the Lieuterant Governor, the Mayor and Corporation, and several members of the oress, all of whom were positely received by Commodore Shub-tick.

The British naval vessels were brickly moving about, but we hear o no captures of american vessels.

The weather was intensely hot, and the reports of the crops are not favorable.

The new ship Edward Cardwell, of 1,000 tons burthen, was lost on Mequelon, July 25 on her passage from Michaels of Liverpool. The crew were all saved.

The brig Zeoo, Harring on master, from Glasgow boned to New York, with a cargo of pig iron west ashore off L'aucheveque, C. B., on 28th July casts, rigging, &c., saved, but the vessel was likely to be a total loss.

Fire at New Orleans.

New ORLEANS, August 14 1853.

The store of Messrs, Rendell, Yoe & Company, on Gravier street was entirely destroyed by fire last night, with its contents. The amount of loss is not ascertised.

From Mexico, &c.

By the Southern flail this morning, we have New Orleans papers of Wednesday last. They contain details of Mestesa news to the 27th ultimo, which has been anticipated in the New York HERALD.

Cholern was prevailing at Cordova and Jalapa.

An insurfectionary movement at Guanajato had been suppressed.

suppressed
The Jesuit question was still under discussion.
General Foote is canvassing the State of Mississippi for
Governor. He endorses the dresident's inaugural, and
Mr. Everett's tri-partite treaty letter.

The Jomes Adger at Charleston.
CHARLESTON, August 16, 1853.
The United States mail steamship James Adger. Captain John D ckinson, from New York, arrived here at 10 o'cicck last night. The Mu der of Miss McElroy

The Mn. der of Miss McElloy.

CURIOUS DEVELOPEMENTS.

We have already noticed the arrest, in New Orleans, of a person supposed to have been in some way connected with the murder of Mary Ann McElroy, in New York, the person arrested calling himself Judson Bailey. He wrote to Mr. Clayton in New York, pretending that he would be able to procure the arrest of the murderers if funds were advanced to him. Mr. Clayton wrote to him in reply, that he had already been at great expense, in the way of advertising, funeral expenses, &c., and that he felt he was not authorized in paying out more unless with something like assurance that there is some degree of certamity in its effecting something. He reminded the writer, however, that a reward of \$1,000 had been offered by the city authorities, and \$500 by some friends and himself, on conviction of the culprits.

The New Orleans Chief of Police having previously received telegraphic despatches from New York touching the matter, made his arrangements

The New Orleans Chief of Police having pre-viously received telegraphic despatches from New York touching the matter, made his arrangements so as to arrest Buley when he applied for the letter at the Post-effice. When searched, the following letter, alleged to have been received from one of the parties concerned in the murder, was found on his person:

parties concerned in the murder, was found on his person:

New Origans, July 2, 1852.

Mr. Balley—Bear Sir —I have been in your city a few days and tride to find you out could not. I am on my way to California. I expected to have met too gentleman hear to go with them by the isthmus but they left before I arrived. I shall now go the last rout through St. Louis—I shall be note out of deager that way, for I have to keep cyself fammed searce how eays. I am afraid I have got myself in a covil of a scrape. You often told me I should be hung. I wisk I was clear of this scraps. You have heard of the great murder and rape of the person A McE, that hap pered lately in the city. I first-saw you too years agon this summer. It has ended in a nexty plose of Business, but I sware I had nothing todo with the king her—the varies of others with the result is not the river herself; but I believe they make the proceed in the river herself; but I believe they make the proceed in the river herself; but I believe they not be a link ow for ook does to pix had believe to be the wholes of the third that they had believe to be a link ow for ook does to pix had believe the bear of the proceed in the river herself; but I believe the bear of the wholes of the summer. I be here every other man would hang me for fifty conts but yourself. I does not wright all I wish to say. I wen I con more than a lift was escrain that you would get this letter I would have a sir in that you would get this letter I would have a sir in the Coverywhere.

Some of the police authorities think this letter a Some of the police authorities think this letter a forgery, written by Bailey (or whatever his name may be) to himself, as eart of a scheme to extort money from Mr. Clayton. The suspicion receives confirmation in the fact that Bailey's writing is very much like that in "Big Sorrel's" letter; and when that letter was read to him with a request that he woold copy it, he wrote the word tried "tride," and the word "too" as in the original. Certain it is that he wither knows constitute about the provides of that be either knows something about the murder of hiss McElroy, or had engaged in a most desperate attempt to swindle Mr. Clayton.

Alu to the Celescinis.

Add to the Celestais.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.
NEW YORK, August 16, 1853

Dear Sir.— With regard to the lit of superciptons for
the relief of our poor Chinese, kindly published in the
limited of to day, a minute troy place by leaving out
the annex of Mesara, Waddworth and sheldon, with \$20,
though the tableman is correct. Respectfully, your
next the depriversment. W. FEBACH, Bookkeeper of the Shekespeare.

W. FIEBACH, Bookkeeper of the Shelespeare.

Our Poughkeepsle Correspondence.

Potentiament, arguet 16, 1852.

THE STATE AND NATIONAL LAW SCHOOL

In this place, has just closed its Seventh Annual Commercement, the list since its reasons to Poughkeepse). The performances after the examination in law, on sixting of orations, disputes, debates, law arguments, the trial of causes, &c. eviceed the adaptation and success of the new system, designed to qualify the students oracically as well as theoretically for their profession. The occasion was one of great interest and was attended by a large concourse of section interest and was attended by a large concourse of the two cratism. The catalogue in the students of the two cratisms. The catalogue is published contains 208 students from the different state, and give a full explanation of the institution. States such of frusteer and the commissioners applied by the Supreme Court, fitte students were permitted to receive the degree of Bachelor of Laws, for which the charter makes provision.

H.

Staten Island Intelligence.

Staten Island Intelitgence.

UNKNOWN WOMAN FOUND DROWNED.

An inquest was held by Justice Lever on the body of an unknown German woman, found floating near New Righton, Staten Island, or Saturday, the 18th inst. The cecta of appeared to be about twesty-six years of age, five feat Light, and rather stout. Had on a black and white striped diers, frieged round the arms, white stockings and coarse shoes, a pair of small gold bracelets, and a cord gold ring marked on the inside with the initials T. K. In the pocket was found a brown cotton purse, countries twenty-three nices of small German coin and a knile of German manufacture. For further particulars, apply to Geo. G. Lever, Port Richmond, States 19 and, where the property will be exhibited. A verdict may reflected of scath by dispairs.

Washington Gossip.

[Home Correscondences of the Republic, Aug 14.]

From reliable quarters I learn that the many important questions connected with our foreign affairs are just now receiving the anxious consideration and attendition of the honorable Secretary of State and his accompil thed assistant. Duriey Mann. Eq. Discapting, for the present, minor unstern connected with our fareign reliabors, it cannot be doubted that the following subjects are of nonmentous and supposing interest.—

First—The histoapping of Kovara in Smyrua.

First—The histoapping of Kovara in Smyrua.

Foreign—The incorrectation of Captain Gibson by the Dutch authorities.

relators, it cannot be doubted that the following subjects are of momentous and unposing interest:

First—The himappine of Kolera in Smyran.

Second—The incerceration of Captain Gibson by the Dutch sutherities.

This—the fishery difficulties; and

Fourth—The alleged interference of England with slavery in the island of Cuba.

It is currently reported that the documents relating to the efforts of her Britannic Majesty's ministers to promote the abolition of involuntary servitude in the 'Queen of the Abulles.' have, for the most part bess committed to the Seeping of Secretaries Davis and Doubin who are expected to thoroughly investigate them, and present a statement of their contents, together with their opinion in writing as to the most wise and judicious course to pursue in the premises. When the views of there routhern nembers of the excited are communicated to the President and their colleagues in cabinate council, then the whole matter will be discussed, and a decision noade. There seems to me to be an evident, a preculiar propriety in committing this delicate subject, one so closely connected with the 'goe-diar institution' of the States lying south of Mason and Dixon's line, to the Caraful consideration of the Secretaries of War and Navy. The President is believed to entertain an elevated option of the alterns the judgment, and patriother of the Hon. Jefferson Davis; and it is said moreover, that it is the intention of the Executive should an emergency arise, to material and all heards, the interests of his Sou bern friends.

The President and Messrs, Marcy and Mann will give to the other subjects their ealightened consideration and undivided attention, and the public irrespective of party, enterrain the belief—the convection—that whaver may be decided on will be for the public would find a party, enterrain the belief—the convection—that whaver may be decided on will be for the public would find the recommendance of the Constantinople are material with the duries and responsibilities of the cilics of March

near whiter. As my venerable friend Mr. Ritchie would say mous verrons.

Thomas Woodward, Esq., Naval Storekeeper at Washington has been invited to settre and Francis MoNerhany, Esq. has been invested by the administration with the seals of office. Mr. Wood sard retires gracefully, and with the cateem of his fellow-citizens. The appointee is a worthy, haborable and intellectual gentleman, a chining member of the typographical profession—he will discharge the duties of the effice which has been conterred upon him with fidelity and honor.

Juegs A. O. 2. Nicholson, author of the leading editorial articles in the Union for some time past, left in last evening's care on a visit to Tennessee, via New York. The Judges's a gentleman of high intellectual endow ments and entarged attainments; a writer able and vigorous, jet at all times dignified and cour sous to his advergate as Oliver Conwell would asy. "May the Lord grant him journeying mercies."

Colonel J. W. Forney, it is understood, has at length complicted his arrangements for "tasting and holding the scine?" of the New York National Democrat, and will shortly enter upon the discharge of the disclose of his new position.

Governor Reed, of North Carolina, Tuomes Butler

position.
Governor Reed, of North Carolina: Tuomes Butler King of Cellforoia: General J. W. Qui'man, of Mississippi, and Captain Gibson, of incarcerating celebrity, are in the city.
Secator Truneso Smith, who has been on a visit to Lake Superior, netword to the city yesterday.

Separate Princes Smin, who has been on a visit to lake Separate, returned to the city yesterday.

The score treaty between Great Britain and Spain is, doubless, the subject of more serious concern with the government of the United States than any other question now before the World Howerd it bids fair to grove to be the most amperate matter bandled by the present administration. Expland, in forcing retailing Spain into the treaty in question, has, probably, put her is a position in which seemer or later it will be insumbent on the United States to treat her as though not a government. If this treaty be consumment, she will stand, through Expland's interference, just where Russia proposes to place Turkey. Rossis asys to Turkey that she must acknowledge the Carr's right to interfere to protect a partion of the Sultan's subjects, wherever he believes that the policy of the Sultan adopted for the benefit of the whole of his subjects, may not be beneficial to the Greak Charch portion. England and France therough the only and procare to fight Russis, contending that in that intringing Turkey's overrigaly, the Car is jesuard in the more of French and langils subjects engaged to non-never with those of the Sultan.

In the Cuban case, England constantly intermeddling everywhere, being displaced with the policy of Spain towards a partion of her subjects in Caba, fotces her to make a treaty by which too British Quesa's agents are

make a strany by which the farming queen angula are amberized to interfere in the domestic affairs of every hamlet and plantation in the island, noting as projector-to one perturn of the inhabitants, against the officials of the Spant higovernment, and against the rest of the in-babitants of the island. Now, her conduct in this affair to Spain, that her concue in submitting to England's distribution and probationate over the negroes of Caba, is likely to compet the government of the United States to consider her as abdicating her rights in and to that island.

THE MUNITIONS FOR THE RIO GRANDE -The large force THE MUNITIONS FOR THE RIO GRANDS — The large lored employed in the Washington Arenal have been for some time or gazed in preparing and packing for shipment shells, consider shet, &c. desticed for our military posts on the Rio Grands. Amountation for guess of the largest calibre, to the amount of eight hundred rounds, is to be sent off this week, we hear.

to the amount of eight hundred rounds, is to be sent off
this week, we bear.

A CLERK APPOINTED —Mr. John Williams, of Virginia,
has been appointed to a clerk-hip is the Pension bureau,
at a compensation of \$4.33 per diem.

The Last Mare's Near—The story about the vile conduct of the steamer Davantation's commander, in running down a Yarkes fishing smack, not long store, which
reached Waschingt a per telegraph last week, turns out
to have been manufactured out of whole cloth. The
Levastation according to advices which the State Department has doubless received, was afar off from the
reported order of the outrage, her officers being quietly
at breakfast with Lord Seymour, the officer is command
of the next station there, at the moment they are
charged with laving done the terrible deed.

Mr. Maun, Assistant Secretars of State, is quite un
well we terres to bearn. He was indeed ill Isat night
with an arrank of chelera merbus, induct he is said to

The Detabate Consistence — according to advices from this commission, dated July 24, 1865 at Runggill bar-racks, the persons engaged on this survey suffered assertly during extremely but and dry weather, from conceive of water, &c., making reasy of them quite sick. They had all recovered, however, at the date above writ-

A Phishbartal Fost Office Appointment.—Branson G. Crabam to the Postmaster at Geomboro. North Carolina, vice Levi M. Scott, resigned.

Mr. Vanizinger to day deposited with Corcoran & Riggs the sum which there gentlemen deemed recessars to the proper adjustment of his various accounts. Messrs. C & R are now prepared to meet that dishomered check, and Leuppose this last great case of defaulting is at an end.

Coroners' Inquests.

Coroners' Inquests.

Scatter as Shoomed Hissens with a Pierret.—A German, many discoursed Hissens with a Pierret like as loan at No. 222 Centre street, put an end to his earthly career yet seriesy about 2000, by abcorting himself through the head with a six-barret resolver. The report of the piatel was beard to chance from the bedroom of deceased, and on entering the room they found him lying on the fluor, deed, and blood flowing from a hole in his skull a size by the theology of the revolver. The deceased, it has been rubject to emmorary fits of loanity, which is supposed to have been the cause of the suicide. He has left a wife and several children. Coroner Withelm was endered of death by suicide.

The Sespicion of Mundan —Coroner O'Donnell vestor-

we called to hold the inquest on the body, and a verdict was rendered of death by saidide.

Im Susmons or Munder — Coroner O'Donnell yesterday aftermore hold the inquest on the body of Mary Kalen, aged 50 sears, native of Ireland, who was appeared to have died in consequence of ill treatment on the part of her hurband, Patrick Katen. The evidence at the inquest went to abow that the husband of receased had both for some time past an intemperate man, and when under the influence of liquor was hown that on the other consistence of the south of the following the said linear to best her, but there was no evidence to show that on this occasion he had inflicted any sidence on her person. The advanced state of decomposition of the body of decased, as testified to by Dr. Thomas McGun, prevented any certainty whereby to ascertain the extent of any violence, by making a post morten examination. The jury rendered a unknown to the jury. The husband, whe has been under strest, was has evering liberated by the Coroner.

DEATH CAUSED BY SONNAMICUSM.—A few days ago we policed that a young girl while in her sleep, sprang out of a three story window at the dwalling house No. 31 Mercer street. In her descent san passed through the i mus of a tose, which broke the force of the fall, but the thock, it seems, after lingering several days, resulted in death. The physician in attendance gave a certificate of burial this certificate, however, was stopped by Corocer Hilton, and an inquest will be held on the ody.

OUR CHARGE TO THE HAGUE

Interesting Correspondence between our chants and Mr. August Belment.

chants and Mr. August Belment.

New York, August 9, 1952.

Dran Sm.— Your personal friends in this city are desirons of an opportunity to express their appreciations of the high position you have obtained in the business and social relations of this community.

While your conduct as a merchant and banker during a long readence among us, has ocen marked by intelligence, public spirit, fieldly to engagements, and the highest principles of honor, your personal deportment in private life bas been into to an accomplished gentless as, who know and practiced the social virtues which indocu the clear eter of a citizen.

It is gratifying to us to know that the government at Washington has recognized the qualities of mind and character which you possess by conforming on you man appointment of high trust and responsibility. We feel alteristration will be fully justified by the manner is which the inferents of the country will be represented, and the national honor sustained by you at a foreign court.

May we set that you will do us the favor to appears.

which the interests of the country and the national honor sustained by you at a foreign court.

May we ask that you will do us the favor to appeint some day before your occurre for the Hague, to meet your friends at a public dinner to be given in this city?

With sentiments of the highest respect and regard, we remain your friends. (Signed)

J A Westervelt, F C Gebhardt, C. W. Rockwell, S Knapp, W. B Barrowes, J. Colles, C. W. Lawrence, W. W. Board, G. L. Frost, W. B. G. L. Frost, G. B. Lanser, Royal Phelips, S. Wintney, G. B. Lanser, Royal Phelips, B. H. Field, J. J. Falmer, J. S. Libbery, J. Tolles, R. W. M. Steen, R. W. W. Steen, R. W. W. Steen, R. W. M. Steen, R. W. G. D. Hurd, Geo. Go. ist, J. T. Sourter, J. Trotter, Afred Pell, M. M. Span, R. B. Little, B. S. Miller, R. W. B. Libber, M. M. Span, R. B. Little, D. S. Miller, W. B. Duncan, T. Deblon, R. M. M. Steen, R. H. Winslow, B. J. Phelips R. B. Little, D. S. Miller, W. B. Duncan, T. Deblon, W. Clark, G. R. W. Klack, W. Clark, G. M. Lavingston, J. D. Beers, C. A. Charten, R. W. Lark, G. R. Woching, R. M. Mass, Jr., James, Lee, C. T. Adse, A. M. Lavrenges, M. H. H. Jonney, J. James, Lee, C. T. Adse, A. D. F. Grant, L. V. A. Sandford, Edwin Poet. A. March. Jr., James Lee, T. E. Davis, L. C. Clark, G. A. Worth, G. T. Ades, L. T. E. Davis, L

REPLY.

78 BLAVER STREET, August 12, 1882.

GENTLEMEN.—Your eat-enned letter of the 9th instant. has just been handed to me, and I hasten to express on you my nost condial thanks for the migh compliment paid to me by the very kind and flattering expressions it CODISINS.

On the eve of leaving you for a length of time, after an upinters pited jestideade Amonar you of revenues years.

jand to me by the very kind and flattering expressions it contains.

On the eve of lesving you for a length of time, after an uninterrupted recidence among you of reveneen years, I can not but you far well without recurring for a few memet to to the extraordinary changes which I have witnessed during that time, and which must swell with pride and thanafulness the bosom of every lover of our country.

I arrived here in the midst of a monetary crisis which seemed to threaten the very foundations of our semmercial existence, and which, in the opinion of some of the mest solighnesses of our marchants, and stricken so despite the rects of our marchants, and stricken so despite the rects of our marthal prosperity that the present searchait relight pass away before those wounds cound be healed. The immense lesses incurred by the few of 1855, added to a recaless overtrading which had been fostered by an infaired paper currency, had orought such vast spread rain over the land that these dark few bedings seemed fully justified; and yet, who, in looking our the broad extent of our country, teeming situ presperity and wealth, remembers now those dark days? Who thought of them, when, bardly into years later, our fleets core ut the organ, laden with the surplus of our last of feed the starving millions of the Oil World, while at the rame time our victorious armies conquerted for us a mightly ampare on the Pacific, whose weatta out strips the tribute which Peru and Mexico poured for contained in the starving millions of the Oil World, while at the same time our victorious armies conquerted for us a mightly ampare on the Pacific, whose weatta of usering into the exhausted reasory of Spain?

In 1857 we had but a few straggling railroads on the carters borders of cur country; not a single American sea seasors but be abactoned and left unfinished, involving discrete into the exhausted treater of the form of the produces of the featile well to the principle of the weath of those now powerful communities. What is our condition now?

only the treasures of the California mines, but also the rich products of China, India, and, I trust, Japan. The history of the world has sufficiently proved that any nation which can secure to their the trade of the Kasi, in sure to comesnot the trade of the world.

These anaming results, which make the calmost eye grow dizzy at the prospect of a future empire lying pefore us, we owe, undertied, to the American system of government. Our benefocut republican institutions foster the energies of incividuals and masses; bring to our showes the producing clares of Europe, flying from oppression and sait; and, proveting and charactering every citizen with equal solicitude, impire us all with that deep devention; to our country and that love of theory, which are the tures; guarantees of rational prosperity and ranown. Let us, therefore, continue to vonerate, like sarred records, the doctures of our constitution—that sublime creation of human windom left by the fathers of our republica the palladiam of our liberties. Let us forever adhere with jealous zeal to the obligations which blind together in one indissoluble union this confederacy of republica; and then we may, with the blessings of Province confidently trust that the maniford of our country will fulfil the glorious promises of its youth.

White, in common with every good citizen, all my energies will be alexadiatly devoted to these sacred principles, my heart throbs with this that of a youth, and that with his blessing I may be allowed to imbut these truths into the undes of my children—teaching them that their riches mharitanes will be their stars in the honor and grandeur of the country of their blith, and the noblest title they can ever win will be that of American free men.

Honored by the confidence of our client magistrate with the duty of representation our country at a foreign court, it field only practically relations with a people from whom are dissented many of the mass with a nearly some of the Europe.

Honored by the model field that it has been m

serve the approval of our government, and to merit your approbation. I shall look for no more congenial and gratifying reased.

I repret extremely that my numerous engagements will root allow me to accept the honor of your kind invitation to dinear previous to my departure. And, wishing you all prosperity and harotiness, I remain, with feelings of sincere regard and attachment.

Your obliged friend.

To Messrs. Jacob E. Westervelt, Sompherd Knaap C. W. Lawretce, Moses Taylor, G. B. Lamar, Henry Grintell, and others.

beld them each to ball in the sum of \$300 to answer the charge.

Arrest of Pickpockets at the Hippodroms.—Lieut. Bennett and officer Hegan, one of the Chief's "anadors," on Monday evening arrested four pickpockets, calling themselves Charles H. Johnson, William Warrick. Bichard Cear and Samuel Layrence. These fellows the officer found at the Hippodrome, civing into the coat take of the visiters in search of money. They were all takes the feer the magnetyate, and were commenced to printed an expension.